

Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.
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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16.

Republican Territorial Convention.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN CONVENTION, Santa Fe, September 16, 1898.
A convention of the Republican party of the territory of New Mexico is hereby called to meet in the city of Albuquerque at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on Saturday, October 1, 1898, for the purpose of placing in nomination for the suffrages of the voters of New Mexico one candidate for delegate from New Mexico to the 56th congress.
The several counties will be entitled to representation in this convention as follows:
Bernalillo 2 delegates; Chaves 1; Colfax 2; Dona Ana 1; Eddy 1; Grant 2; Guadalupe 2; Lincoln 2; Mora 1; Rio Arriba 1; San Juan 1; Santa Fe 2; Santa Rita 1; Sierra 2; Socorro 1; Taos 1; Valencia 1; total number of delegates 27.
Proxies will not be allowed unless held and voted by citizens and residents of the same county from which the delegate giving the proxy is sent. Alternates will not be recognized.
County central committees will call regular county conventions for the nomination and election of delegates to this convention at such time and place in the several counties as in their judgment seems best, provided that all such conventions must be held at least three days prior to the date of the meeting of the territorial convention.
Where there are no regularly constituted county committees, the members of this committee are charged with the duty of calling and holding of the proper county conventions.
Chairmen and secretaries of county conventions are requested to forward to the secretary of this committee at once upon the holding of the county conventions, a full list of delegates elected and also copies of resolutions passed by such bodies.
By order of the Republican Territorial Central Committee.
E. L. BARTLETT, Chairman.
MAX. FROST, Secretary.

Agualondo is coming to his senses. Just in the nick of time.
Much of the disregard and violation of law existing in New Mexico is due to laxity and non-performance of duty by some of the law officers of the territory.
In the long run and that before very long the taxpayers of San Miguel county will have to pay the bill. A little ring that has manipulated the finances of the county, has made the boodle, and the taxpayers will pay many and many a dollar for the fun.
The judges in the several districts of the territory should charge grand juries to investigate charges against county officials who are charged with neglect of duty or corruption in office. Let us have facts as to these charges and let the people know where they are at.
The successful candidate for delegate to congress has not been named yet, but after the Republican convention, which will be held in Albuquerque on October 1, the territory will know who is to uphold New Mexico's good name in Washington for the next two years.
L. W. Brown, of Taos, has assumed charge of the New Mexican Miner, a paper published at Elizabethtown, Col. Mr. Brown is fully competent to make the Miner a first-class weekly paper and a credit to the section it is published in. The New Mexican believes he will succeed in his new undertaking.
During the month of August last there was a very large increase in exports from and imports into this country and the balance of trade was very largely in favor of the United States. And still there are people who assert that the Dingley tariff law is a failure. None are so blind as those who will not see.
President Faure, of France, if all reports are true, is aching to become a second Napoleon Bonaparte and in the end crown himself emperor or czar or something else big. The president should remember that the times are not auspicious for playing the dictator role among highly civilized people, and besides, while he may not realize it, he lacks many qualifications for such a career, that Napoleon possessed.
The currency debates which have been held at Omaha the past three days in the sessions of the national currency convention may have created considerable commotion in the convention, but they have not caused a ripple on the steady flow of business. Some day the currency reformers of the United States will realize that talk is mighty cheap and that much of it results in nothing.

The finances of the territory are not in good shape. This condition of affairs is brought about by the fact that some county commissioners and some collectors of taxes fail to do their duty or deliberately violate the revenue laws of the territory. A stop should be put to such unlawful and detrimental proceedings. A few removals of offending officials would be a move in the right direction and would help the situation very much.
The consensus of opinion regarding San Miguel county affairs is that if the taxpayers of that county are permitted to pay taxes with county warrants and other evidences of county debt, the other 17 counties in the territory should be

allowed the same privilege, but since those 17 have been running along on a cash basis since the passage of the Bateman law very successfully, San Miguel should be compelled to do the same. The law makes no exception in favor of the county commissioners and their friends of that county.

The free traders and free silverites are very much worried over the condition of the national treasury, the surplus is getting entirely too large to please them. At the present the available cash balance in the treasury is \$302,000,000, while the gold reserve has reached the unprecedented amount of \$225,000,000. Past experience, even during the last term of the unlauded Mr. Cleveland, have taught the people of the country that a surplus is much more easily managed than a deficit. The condition of the treasury indicates that the United States is not a bankrupt nation, and that debt paying will be resumed again, which was suspended under the business incapacity of the late Democratic administration.

Score another victory for American workmen and American machinery. Since the victories of the United States navy in the recent war, European nations have acknowledged the superiority of American ships, armor, guns and machinery over those of their own, and are turning their attention to American ship yards. A representative of the Union Iron works, of San Francisco, has just returned from Russia after having been in conference with the czar, who was much impressed with the record made by the Oregon in the voyage around the Horn and in the battle off Santiago. As a result of the conference it is expected that some of the big warships to be built by Russia in the near future will be contracted for by the builders of the famous vessel.

Everyone will remember the jolly row the members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union kicked up over the use of the time-honored bottle of wine, in christening the battleship Kentucky, and that Miss Bradley established a foolish precedent by giving way to the storm and used a bottle of water in place. Well, just such another tempest is raging in Illinois over the launching of the battleship Illinois which is to take place October 4. The only sensible reason that can be urged against the breaking of a bottle of wine over the bow of a new vessel, as it glides into the water for the first time, is the needless waste of something which could be put to a better use, but the ladies deny most emphatically that that is their reason for attempting to do away with a symbolic custom at launchings. It strikes the ordinary individual that the Women's Christian Temperance Union would accomplish more good in this world if the members of the society were expended in some practical direction. Each bottle of wine broken over the bow of a vessel makes just one less for mankind to drink.

Colorado's Republican Nominee for Governor.
Hon. Henry R. Wolcott, of Denver, who has just been nominated by the Republicans in the Broadway theater convention for governor of Colorado, has long been known as one of the ablest, foremost and enterprising citizens of the state. He is the oldest brother of the present United States Senator Edward O. Wolcott, is president of several mining companies of note, and has for years been deeply interested in important reduction and smelting plants at various important mining and business centers. He is also president of the Denver Club, one of the best known institutions of the kind in the country, is prominently identified with the Yale Colorado Alumni association, and has been one of the strongest backers of the general industrial and educational advancement of the state. Mr. Wolcott was not long ago made a master of arts by Yale university, as was also his brother, the senator, and the honor was generally regarded as richly deserved.

Mr. Wolcott comes of distinguished lineage, his family for generations back having been prominently identified with the best historical interests of Connecticut and Massachusetts, and one of his ancestors graced the gubernatorial chair of the Nutmeg state, while others held offices of trust and honor under the state and within the gift of the national executive. His father was a distinguished Congregational clergyman; a younger brother, Herbert, Yale '84, is a state senator in Ohio, and another brother, William, for some time city editor of the Springfield, Mass., Republican, is now a successful Congregational minister in eastern Massachusetts. A sister is the wife of Hon. Charles H. Toll, of Denver, formerly attorney general of the state and for years a successful lawyer. The Wolcott family seat has long been at Longmeadow, Mass., where old Mrs. Wolcott is still living. If the people of that state desire the services of an able, honest and upright man, one well and thoroughly equipped in the gubernatorial office of the Centennial state, they will vote for Henry R. Wolcott in November coming.

Humanity Demands Waste.
The members of the commission to arrange the terms of evacuation of Cuba cannot finish work too quickly and get the last Spanish soldier off the island. Although the United States is in virtual control of Cuba, General Ramon Blanco is in command and so long as he occupies that position there is no hope for the miserable, suffering reconquered. So far every ship sent to Havana and Matanzas loaded with supplies and relief for the starving has been refused a landing, and the Red Cross is no protection to the people who have volunteered to take charge of the work of saving human lives.

The war with Spain was begun and fought for the purpose of rescuing thousands of persons from the awful death of starvation, but the signing of a protocol, made compulsory on the part of Spain by reason of the superiority of this country in war, has failed, up to this time, to better the condition of the suffering and starving. Why General Blanco is allowed to act in this arbitrary manner is somewhat difficult to understand. At the signing of the protocol it was understood that all acts of war and cruelty were to cease, but Spain, through her representative, has failed to keep her side of the agreement.

The Spanish have refused to longer provide for the wants of the people who have been reduced to starvation by the acts of that government and an appeal has been made to the Americans to provide necessary supplies, and yet when ship loads of food are sent they are refused a landing.
General Blanco is reported as having accused the United States with waging war on Spain without provocation or reason, and yet he deliberately starves helpless women and children to death, when food is offered them without cost to either him or his government. The vengeance he desires wreaked upon the Americans will more likely be visited upon his countrymen for their inhuman extermination of a people by a systematic and diabolical arrangement for slow death by starvation.

It is to be hoped that the American members of the commission will insist that all formalities shall be dispensed with and the sending home of Blanco and his lieutenants in Cuba will be accomplished in the shortest possible time. The Cubans may be a "poor lot," as many of the returning United States soldiers declare them to be, but that is no reason why they should be reduced to a worse condition than they have been in the past three years, now that the war is over.

The New Mexico Horticultural Fair.
(Baton Range).
Santa Fe's Horticultural fair last week was a most creditable exhibition of fruit and vegetables. It is unfortunate that such a display of superior products cannot be seen by the people of the east. There were apples, peaches and pears raised in Santa Fe county that cannot be surpassed anywhere.

Those Red Apples.
(Pueblo Chief).
Missouri and other localities which have tried to usurp for themselves the title of "land of the big red apple" are all found to be poor truck, after the Horticultural fair held at Santa Fe last week. Apples grown in New Mexico, and shown there, were bigger and redder and far finer than Missouri ever heard of.

TERRITORIAL STOCK NOTES.
Cattle rustling still continues in Colfax county.
Shipments of cattle are being made from Chaves county to Nebraska and Kansas.
Hon. Sol. Luna, of Los Lunas, sold 6,000 head of lambs to J. B. Manby, of Trinidad.
A mysterious disease has carried off 300 goats near Eddy for T. J. Douthitt, and more are dying.
The El Capitán Company, in Chaves county, has driven 18,000 head of cattle from their ranges this year.
Yearling wethers bring \$2.50, full grown wethers \$3, and \$3.25 and ewes \$3.50 in San Miguel county.
Several train loads of cattle will be shipped from the Bear Creek ranges, in Grant county shortly, to Weldon & Fritzen of Kansas.

The Littlefield Cattle Company management, of Eddy, has branded 10,000 calves, 1,400 being branded in one round up. The company is making a very heavy drive of cattle to the Gulf road for shipment north.
The Consolidated Cattle Company, of Las Vegas, has sold to R. W. Curtis, of Memphis, Tex., the entire brand of 10,000 cattle, known as the Horse Shoe brand, with ranges and all the improvements. The cattle brought \$35 per head, and the lands went for \$10,000.
The advance in lead has greatly benefited the Hillsboro mining men.

NEW MEXICO MINES.
Cochiti is to have an 80 stamp mill.
The advance in lead has greatly benefited the Hillsboro mining men.
Four companies are actively mining for gold, copper and tungsten in the Jarilla mountains in Dona Ana county.
The Wicks mine in Sierra county has sunk a new shaft 90 feet below the 300 feet level. The ore lately obtained assays \$58 and \$76 in gold.
Judge C. Bennett has bought for a syndicate the Graphic mine at Hadley in the Cooke's Peak mining district, which was sold under decree of the court.

The Memphis mine on Bitter creek has been sold by order of the court at Taos, and was bid in by the original owner, R. L. Pooler for \$5,000. The mine needs a reduction plant.
A big strike is reported, at the Philadelphia mine at Hanover Grant county, where an ore body shows up seven feet wide, and averaging 45 per cent in copper, and carrying 26 per cent in excess of iron.

Word from Silver City says that a big strike is reported at the Florida mine at Cooney, where ore averaging \$400 to the ton has been found, the metals being equally divided between gold and silver.
One hundred and twenty-one sacks of ore shipped to the smelter by the Opportunity mine, Hillsboro district, netted, \$840; while a shipment of first and second class ore netted over \$1,000.
Output of Hillsboro gold mines for the week ending Thursday, Sept. 8th, 1898, was: Wicks, 20 tons; K. K. 15 tons; Richmond, 20 tons; Snake Group, 55 tons; Opportunity, 30 tons; Sherman, 10 tons; Cincinnati, 15 tons; Tripp, 45 tons; Rex (silver-lead), 5 tons. Total 295 tons. Total output since Jan. 1, 1898—5,545.

Code of Civil Procedure.
Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing Company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

NEW MEXICO REPORTS

Delivered by NEW MEXICAN at publishers price, \$3.30 per vol.

Republican County Convention.

HQs. REP. CO. CENTRAL COMMITTEE, Santa Fe, Sept. 13, 1898.
A convention of the Republican voters of the county of Santa Fe is hereby called to meet at 10 o'clock on the morning of Friday, September 23, 1898, for the purpose of naming 16 delegates to represent the Republicans of Santa Fe county at the Republican territorial convention to be held at the city of Albuquerque on Saturday, October 1, 1898, for the nomination of a candidate for delegate to the fifty-sixth congress.
The several precincts will be entitled to representation as follows: No. 1, Pojoaque, 4 delegates; No. 2, Tesuque, 3 delegates; No. 3, Santa Fe, 3 delegates; No. 4, Santa Fe, 9 delegates; No. 5, Agua Fria, 3 delegates; No. 6, Cienega, 2 delegates; No. 7, Cerrillos, 2 delegates; No. 8, Galisteo, 5 delegates; No. 9, San Ildefonso, 3 delegates; No. 10, Dolores, 3 delegates; No. 11, Golden, 2 delegates; No. 12, Capitan, 3 delegates; No. 13, Glorieta, 3 delegates; No. 14, Chimayo, 3 delegates; No. 15, Santa Cruz, 4 delegates; No. 16, Espanola, 3 delegates; No. 17, Santa Fe, 5 delegates; No. 18, Santa Fe, 5 delegates; No. 19, Madrid, 3 delegates; No. 20, San Pedro, 1 delegate. Total, 67 delegates.

The precinct conventions will be called to order by the following precinct chairmen at the places designated in precincts 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17, at 4 in the afternoon on Monday September 20, and in precincts 3, 7, 11, 18, 19 and 20, at 7 in the evening of that day, as follows:
No. 1, Nicolas Quintana at his house; No. 2, Manuel Romero y Dominguez at house of Santiago Martinez; No. 3, Jose D. Sena at house of Sofronio Alarid; No. 4, Antonio Ortiz y Salazar at house of Eluterio Aragon; No. 5, Felipe Romero at his house; No. 6, Cienega, Trinidad Alarid at house of Demetrio Narvaiz; No. 7, Charles Closson at school house; No. 8, Fernando Pena at house of Sylvester Davison; No. 9, Tomas Royval at house of Felipe Casados; No. 10, Leo English at the company's house; No. 11, R. M. Carley at his house; No. 12, Matias Sandoval at his house; No. 13, J. V. Harrison at his house; No. 14, Victor Ortega at his house; No. 15, Gregorio Herrera at his house; No. 16, Jose Amado Lucero at his house; No. 17, John V. Conway at Fireman's hall; No. 18, Octaviano Rodriguez at house of Prudenio Garcia; No. 19, Robert McKinley at school house; No. 20, J. T. McLaughlin at his house.

In accordance with the rules adopted by the territorial convention and the territorial committee and by the last county convention and this committee, proxies will not be recognized unless held and voted by an actual and bona fide resident of the precinct from which the delegate giving the proxy is elected.
All Republicans are earnestly and urgently recommended and requested to attend the precinct conventions and take part in the election of delegates to the county convention.
By order of the Republican county central committee:
MAX. FROST, Chairman.
J. D. SENA, Secretary.

Notaries' Records.
The New Mexican Printing Company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

OUT OF PAWN.

When Sam Curley, the manager of the Hit or Miss Comedy company, reached Clayville with his theatrical party, he and they were in hard luck. The concern had made more misses than hits and the money chest was reduced to its last dollar. The only hope of the company was to get on to Tipton, where they would find "a certainty," but there were only sufficient funds on hand to pay railroad fare, to say nothing of the hotel bill.

Sam Curley put a bold face on the matter and proceeded to cultivate the acquaintance of Mr. Hobson, the landlord, who was disposed to be friendly, though he had ironical ideas of his own concerning "play actors."

He was rather lonesome in his hotel, especially during the absence of his son Andrew, a young man who was just then finishing his course at the Tipton college. It appeared that Andrew was the old man's joy and hope and pride, and he loved to talk about him.

But when the manager mentioned his lack of money and expressed a desire to take his party and their baggage on to Tipton, with the promise that he would settle the bill in a few days, the stern hotel keeper declared that not a trunk should leave the house until the bill was paid.

In vain did Curley enlarge upon the "certainty" that awaited him in Tipton and his ability to meet the claim if he could fill his engagement in that town. The ultimatum of the obdurate Hobson remained unchanged.

This was maddening, but Sam Curley kept his temper and set his wits to work to find a way out of the scrape.
He sent his leading lady, known to the public as Miss Emma Montague, on to Tipton with the property man, to see how the land lay there, and Hobson smiled grimly as he saw them depart without a bit of baggage.

She had scarcely had time to reach Tipton when a telegram addressed to her came to the hotel. Sam Curley received it in the presence of Landlord Hobson.
"I believe I had better open it," he said, "and if it proves to be of sufficient importance I will forward it to her at Tipton."

Hardly had he torn open the envelope when he uttered a cry of amazement.
"It is from Tipton," he exclaimed. "I can't understand this. How did she ever get acquainted with that young man?"
"What young man?" indifferently inquired Hobson.

"My son."
"Yes, this telegram is from him. Take it and read it. I can't uphold her in that sort of thing. Not for worlds would I help to break a fond father's heart."
The landlord read with a mist before his eyes the startling words:
"Come at once without waiting for time of performance here, and we will be married tomorrow. Everything is arranged."
ANDREW HOBSON.

"She has gone there to meet him!" shrieked the landlord. "She will marry him, and my boy will be lost to me. Married to a strolling player who must be at least ten years older than he is! This is terrible! How did it happen? Where did he ever meet her?"
"It is all a mystery to me," answered Curley. "You must know that I sympathize with you deeply or I would never have shown you that telegram."

"Bless you for that! The marriage must be prevented, and I must go to Tipton at once. But Andrew is so young and is, fearfully stubborn. What shall I do?"
"I will go with you," exclaimed Curley. "At any sacrifice, your home must be protected. I have an influence with Miss Montague that no other man possesses, and I will exert it to the utmost in your behalf. I and I alone can turn her from her purpose and persuade her not to marry your son."

"Bless you again! We will take the next train."
"But the rest of my company are here," suggested the manager. "I can't leave them, and they can't go with me without their baggage."
"Take them along, baggage and all! Tell them at once to get ready and be in a hurry."
"You shall lose nothing by that, Mr. Hobson."

"I don't care what I lose if I can save my son from that harpy."
Sam Curley and his party lost no time in packing their trunks, and Hobson himself saw the precious baggage rattled on a wagon and hurried to the depot, where the Hit or Miss Comedy company took the first train for Tipton, accompanied by the manager and the anxious landlord.

They reached that town at an early hour in the night and went at once to the hotel at which Miss Montague was stopping, where Curley led his friend Hobson to a private room.
"You had better stay here a little while," he said. "Try to be calm and hope for the best. I will immediately have a private interview with the young lady and will use all my influence to persuade her not to marry your son. Do not fret that I shall fail. I am determined to protect you in this matter."

The landlord waited anxiously and impatiently. It was not more than half an hour that he was compelled to wait, but he could have sworn that it was three times as long.
At last the manager came in, bringing his leading lady.

His face was radiant, wearing the flush of success and the glow of a few drinks, but Miss Montague was evidently oppressed by melancholy of the deepest description.
There were tears in her eyes as she addressed Mr. Hobson.
"I had my eye in a painful position, sir," she said, "but my eyes must give way to duty and to gratitude. Mr. Curley has described your feelings to me and has also told me of the great favor you have done him in allowing him to bring his company to Tipton. I now assure you, sir, most solemnly, that I will not marry your son. I never will speak to him after this hour. No entreaties, no protestations, no threats even, shall move me from my purpose. I repeat it, sir—I shall not marry your son."

Hobson thanked her eloquently, and she burst into tears and left the room.
The landlord took the manager down to the bar, where he invited him to celebrate his success, and several members of the company who happened to be present joined in the celebration.
"How was it, Mr. Curley," inquired Hobson at the conclusion of this ceremony, "that you had such great influence with Miss Montague?"
"She is my wife," briefly responded Sam.

The next morning he saw his son and was assured by that young man that he had never thought of marrying Miss Montague, as he was not acquainted with the lady and had never seen or heard of her.—Cincinnati Post.

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HOTEL WELLINGTON

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L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

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SPACIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS
When in Silver City, Stop at the Best Hotel.
FRANK E. MILSTED, Prop.

SOCIETIES.

Monteama Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, H. P. ARTHUR SKELGEMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocations fourth Mondays in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C. THOMAS A. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary.

ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.
I. O. O. F.
PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers always welcome. SHULE LEROY, N. G. H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriarchs welcome. THOMAS A. ZIMMERMAN, N. G. A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE No. 9, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesdays of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THERESA NEWHALL, Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZULAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. W. J. TAYLOR, N. G. W. H. WOODWARD, Secretary.

K. O. P.
SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. J. L. ZIMMERMAN, Chancellor Commander. LEE MCHALE, K. of R. and S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Secretary General) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 37, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

F. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

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